

Mental maps of dengue in Noumea and Papeete

Marie- José Schmidt- Ehrmann Université Paris1 Panthéon-Sorbonne, Laboratoire ENeC UMR 8185 CNRS mariejose.ehrmann@gmail.com

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Disease of dengue

A topic which concerns 100 millions persons / year

Noumea and Papeete

2008-2009 an important epidemic of dengue: more than 9000 patients, especially young people touth population

More sensitive? Most affected? 25 000 deaths per year, mostly young people under 15 years (dengue hemorrhagic fever)

Issue: Youth = future Improve their knowledge

a better control of the cost of health

Flashback to the disease



Disease transmitted to humans through the bite of the mosquito

Vector: a
mosquito
Aedes aegypti
and Aedes
Polynesisensis
InTahiti

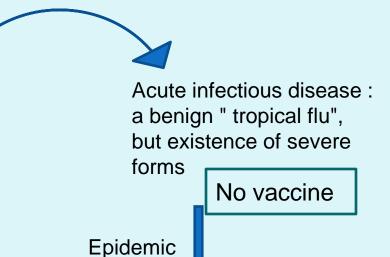
Breeding conditions of the mosquito:

Climate = heat (tropical climate) + water(season)

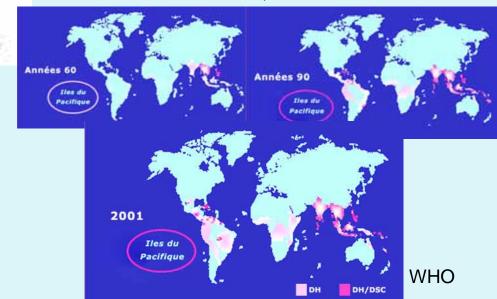


Baie des Citrons, Nouméa M.J.S.-E., 2009

Rain water in puddles, plastic water bottle, containers = mosquito breeding sites



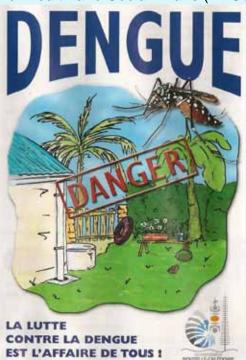
Contamination



Information available to all

Authorities

Government: Department of Health and Social Affairs (DASS)



Flyer in New Caledonia

Media:



30/05/2009

Dengue epidemic "booming " in Tahiti

Curricula in high school

Appropriate programs in Geography and History in New Caledonia, and inTahiti

The impact of major diseases (leprosy, plague, tuberculosis, dengue fever ...)

How are elaborated the representations of the disease among students according to the fact that they have much information?

Who has been questioned?

Students in junior high school and in high school in 7 schools in the capital in New Caledonia and Tahiti:

Noumea and Grand Noumea and Papeete and Grand Papeete

Students of junior high school : six grades
 Students of high School : first class and twelfth grade in S (science) and ST2S (socio-medical)

Papeete	Effectif	%	Noumea	Effectif	%
Junior high school High school	21 109	16,2% 83,8%	Junior high school High school	83 62	57,2% 42,8%
Total	130	100, 0%	Total	145	100, 0%

- Age: 10-20 years old
- 13 classes surveyed: 5 in junior high school and 8 in high school

Further investigation: to create a map

The question for students was:

Can you locate the places at risk for dengue?

(At different level : city, province, municipality)

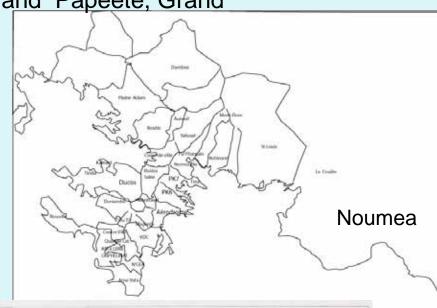
Methodology and data

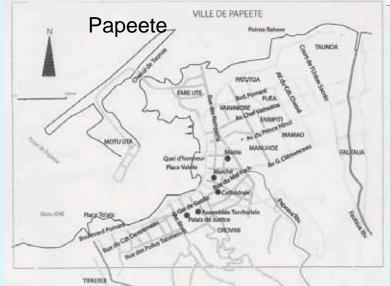
A multiscalar approach

Municipalities

- Regional capitals: Noumea, Grand Noumea and Papeete, Grand



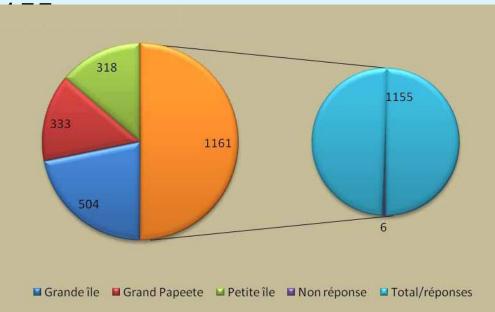




Answers

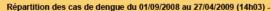
- Students could choose around 33 or12 municipalities on a map grid
- In Noumea, about 145 students = 3200 answers
 1625 responses from 33 municipalities in New Caledonia
 1575 responses from 26 districts of the city of Noumea
 and the Grand Noumea

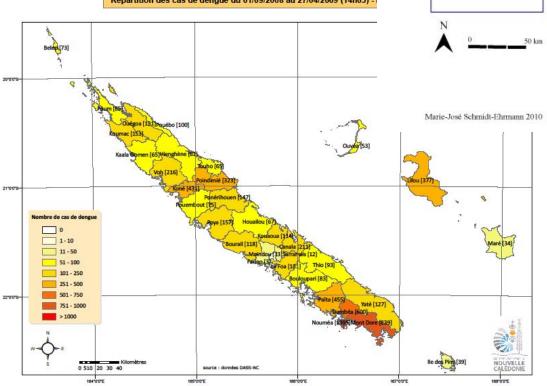
In Papeete, 130 students = 1
 21 municipalities in Tahiti
 37 districts, places of the city
 of Papeete and Grand Papeete

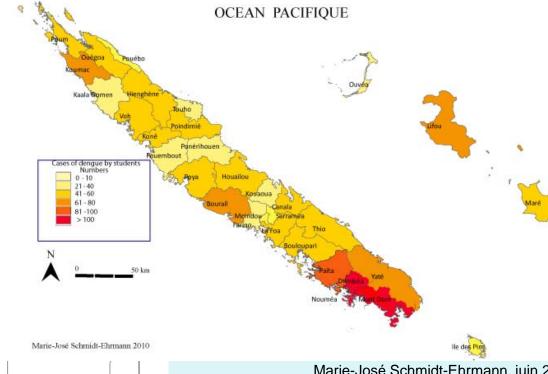


Perceived

Maps of New Caledonia







Marie-José Schmidt-Ehrmann, juin 20

Reality

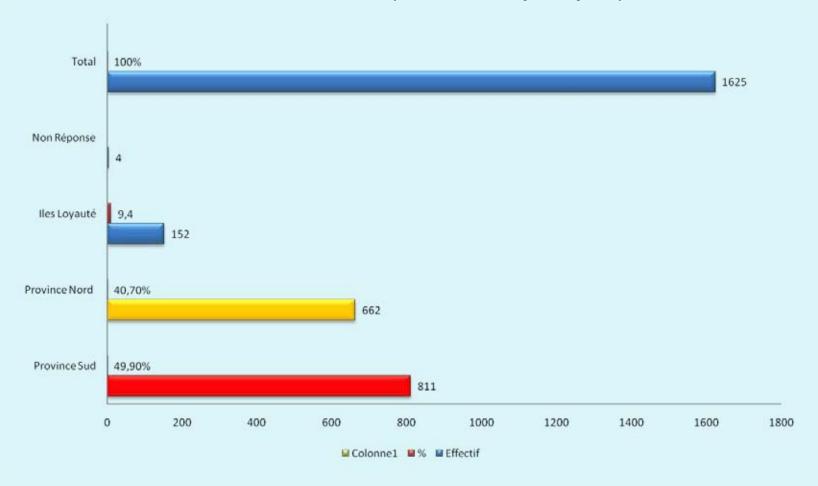
DASS Nouvelle Calédonie, 2009

The perception of students

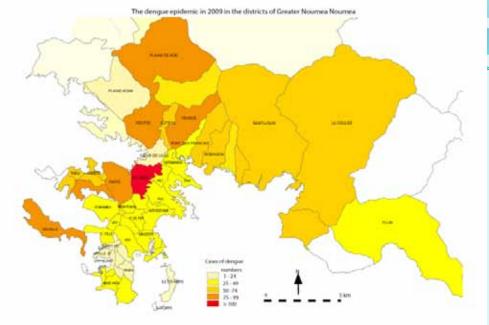
1. The incidence of dengue appears to be extended throughout the territory. However, in detail, we can see shades of intensity, between the impact of a municipality to another.

- 2. Urban space in particular, the capital Noumea (97 579 people) is the site focusing on more cases
- 3. Secondary outbreaks are situated at the same level in the Province of North (45 137 people), South (183 007 people) and in Loyalty Islands (17 436 pax.)

4. The distribution of dengue cases according to the three Provinces in New Caledonia (245 580 people)





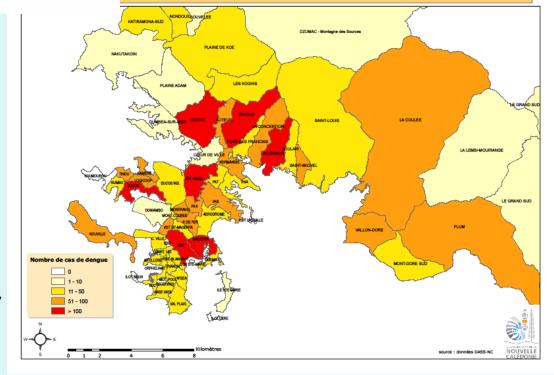


Perceived

Maps of Noumea and Grand Noumea

Marie-José Schmidt-Ehrmann 2009

Reality

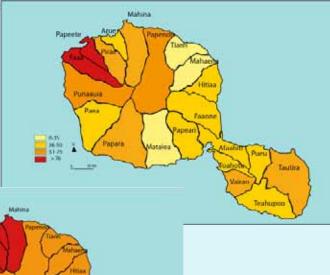


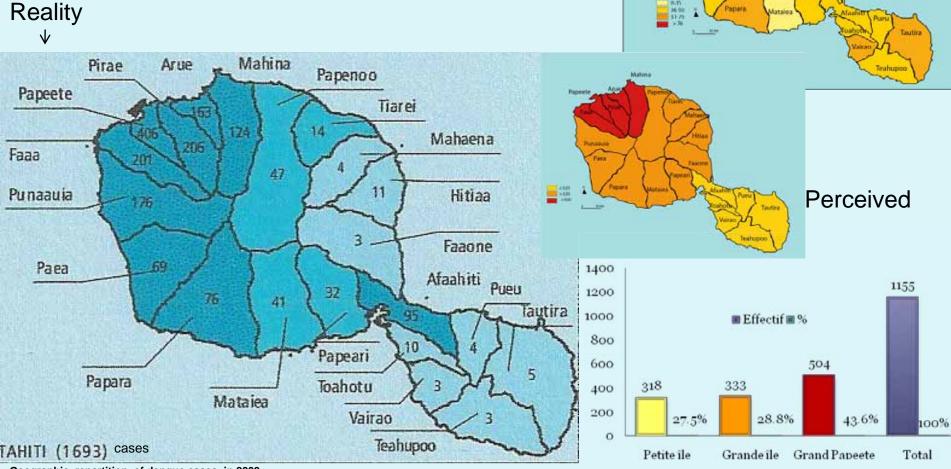
The perception of students

- The map shows that there is a major outbreak of epidemic dengue in Noumea and especially in Salt River
- According to the students Grand Noumea is the most affected place because of the importance of population in this area.
- The neighborhoods of the southern part of the city, such as Anse Vata, has a rate of sick people that corresponds to the reality of the situation : slightly affected

Maps of Tahiti

Perceived





Geographic repartition of dengue cases in 2009, Source : Direction de la Santé de Polynésie française et Institut de veille sanitaire

The perception of students

- The map shows that Papeete (26 050 people) and the Grand Papeete are the most affected areas
- According to the students the south east "Petite île" is also affected although it is not the case in reality
- South west and south of "Grande île" is considered highly at risk by the authorities and least by the students

- Students in grade sixth: difficulty to locate their home and their school on a map
- The nearby environment of the students remains a landmark
- Incidence rate increased : a difference in the perception of socio-spatial epidemic
- Students form their representation in reference to a living space, the space of proximity, in relation to their family and friends. In Noumea and Papeete, some students are boarders and their reference is in relation to their community, town, tribe.

Conclusion 1

- In most cases, the young audience locates major epidemic outbreaks, but gaps still remain.
- Identification of risk areas:
 the range of the mosquito is known between 50-100 m.

9/10 people in their daily mobility are aware of risk areas between the workplace, schools and housing

1/10 person is not informed of the risk because the mosquito can spread in a few miles when the winds are favorable.

Conclusion 2

This disease is trivialized or "neglected" (WHO)

How to improve the information campaign?

Geography allows an analysis of realities and provides tools for students to interpret a situation of risk and the discourse of different actors.

THANK YOU

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